

WHISTLE BLOWER / VIGIL MECHANISM POLICY

TARAI FOODS LIMITED

Regd. Office: 13, HANUMAN ROAD,
CONNAUGHT PLACE,
NEW DELHI-110001

CIN: L15142DL1990PLC039291

Effective from 1st October, 2014.

1. Preface

- 1.1 The Company believes in the conduct of the affairs of its constituents in a fair and transparent manner by adopting the highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior.
- 1.2 Section 177 (9) of the Companies Act, 2013 mandates the following classes of companies to establish a vigil mechanism for Directors & it's employees –

- Every listed company;
- Every other company which accepts deposits from the public;
- Every company which has borrowed money from banks and public financial Institutions in excess of Rs. 50 Crores.

Further, Regulation 4(d) (iv) of SEBI (Listing obligations and disclosure requirements) 2015 provides for a mandatory requirement for all listed companies to devise an effective whistleblower mechanism enabling stakeholders, individual employees and their representative bodies, to freely communicate their concerns about illegal or unethical practices.

The Purpose of this Policy is to encourage its employees who have concerns about suspected misconduct to come forward and express these genuine concerns without fear of punishment or unfair treatment. A Vigil (Whistle Blower) mechanism provides a channel to the employees and Directors to report to the management concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Codes of conduct or policy. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors to avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman/ MD/ Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases.

- 1.3 This neither releases employees from their duty of confidentiality in the course of their work nor can it be used as a route for raising malicious or unfounded allegations against people in authority and / or colleagues in general.

2. Definitions

- 2.1 “Company” means Tarai Foods Limited and all its Offices.
- 2.2 “Audit Committee” means the Audit Committee of the Board constituted by the Board of Directors of Company in accordance with provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Clause 49 of Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with Stock Exchanges.
- 2.3 “Improper Activity” means unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud, embezzlement etc., violation of the Company’s general guidelines on conduct, moral turpitude, unlawful conduct etc. by an employee of Company.
- 2.4 “Vigilance and Ethics Officer” means a person appointed to receive protected disclosures from whistle blowers, maintaining records thereof, placing the same before the Audit Committee for its disposal and informing the Whistle Blower the result thereof.
- 2.5 “Protected Disclosure” means a concern raised by an employee or group of employees of the Company, through a written communication and made in good

faith which discloses or demonstrates information about an unethical or improper activity under the title "SCOPE OF THE POLICY" with respect to the Company. It should be factual and not speculative or in the nature of an interpretation / conclusion and should contain as much specific information as possible to allow for proper assessment of the nature and extent of the concern.

- 2.6 "Subject" means a person against or in relation to whom a protected disclosure is made or evidence gathered during the course of an investigation.
- 2.7 "Whistle Blower" means an Employee or Director making a Protected Disclosure under this policy.
- 2.8 "Competent Authority" means the Vigilance and Ethics Officer and will include any person(s) to whom he may delegate any of his powers as the Competent Authority under this policy from time to time. In case of conflict of interest (being the subject person), Competent Authority means Chairman of the Audit Committee.

3. Eligibility

All present Employees & past employees, who have left the services of the Company in last one year including directors of the Company are eligible to make Protected Disclosures under the Policy in relation to matters concerning the Company.

4. Interpretation

Terms that have not been defined in this Policy shall have the same meaning assigned to them in the Companies Act, 2013 and/or SEBI Act and/or any other SEBI Regulation(s) as amended from time to time.

5. Guiding Principles

- 5.1 Protected disclosures shall be acted upon in a time bound manner.
- 5.2 Complete confidentiality of the Whistle Blower will be maintained.
- 5.3 The Whistle Blower and/or person(s) processing the protected Disclosure will not be subjected to victimization.
- 5.4 The Whistle Blower should bring to attention of the Competent Authority at the earliest any improper activity or practice. Although they are not required to provide proof, they must have sufficient cause for concern.
- 5.5 The Whistle Blower shall co-operate with Vigilance and Ethics Officer, maintaining full confidentiality.

6 Disqualifications

- a. While it will be ensured that genuine Whistleblowers are accorded complete protection from any kind of unfair treatment as herein set out, any abuse of this protection will warrant disciplinary action.
- b. Protection under this Policy would not mean protection from disciplinary action arising out of false or bogus allegations made by a Whistleblower knowing it to be false or bogus or with a *mala fide* intention.
- c. Whistleblowers, who make three or more Protected Disclosures, which have been subsequently found to be *mala fide*, frivolous, baseless, malicious, or reported otherwise than in good faith, will be disqualified from reporting further Protected Disclosures under this Policy. In respect of such Whistleblowers, the Company/Audit Committee would reserve its right to take/recommend appropriate disciplinary action.

Protection

- a. The identity of the Whistle Blower shall be kept confidential.
- b. Any other Employee assisting in the said investigation or furnishing evidence shall also be protected to the same extent as the Whistle Blower.
- c. No unfair treatment will be meted out to a Whistle Blower by virtue of his/her having reported a Protected Disclosure under this Policy. The Company, as a policy, condemns any kind of discrimination, harassment, victimization or any other unfair employment practice being adopted against Whistle Blower

7. Whistle Blower – Role & Procedure

7.1 Role:

- a. The whistle Blower's role is that of a reporting party with reliable information.
- b. The Whistle Blower is not required or expected to conduct any investigations on his own.
- c. The Whistle Blower may also be associated with the investigations, if the case so warrants. However, he/she shall not have a right to participate.
- d. Protected Disclosure will be appropriately dealt with by the Competent Authority.
- e. The Whistle Blower shall have a right to be informed of the disposition of his disclosure except for overriding legal or other reasons.

7.2 Procedures – Essential and Handling Procedure Disclosure

- a. The Protected Disclosure/Complaint should be attached to a letter bearing the identity of the Whistle blower/complaint i.e. his/her Name, Employee Code and Location and should be inserted in an envelope which should be closed/secured/sealed. The envelope thus secured/sealed should be addressed to the Competent Authority and should be superscribed "Protected Disclosure". (If the envelope is not superscribed and closed/sealed/secured, it will not be possible to provide protection to the whistle blower as specified under this policy).
- b. If the Whistle Blower believes that there is a conflict of interest between the Competent Authority and the Whistle Blower, he/she may send his/her protected disclosure directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company.
- c. Anonymous or pseudonymous Protected Disclosure shall not be entertained.
- d. Protected Disclosure should either be typed or written in legible hand writing in English, Hindi or Regional language of the place of employment of the Whistle blower, should provide a clear understanding of the improper activity involved or issue/concern raised. The reporting should be factual and not speculative in nature. It must contain as much relevant information as possible to allow for preliminary review and proper assessment.
- e. All Protected Disclosures should be addressed to the Vigilance and Ethics Officer of the Company or to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. The contact details of the Vigilance and Ethics Officer is as under:-

Name and Address – Email-

- f. Protected Disclosure against the Vigilance and Ethics Officer should be addressed to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- g. The contact details of the Chairman of the Audit Committee is as under:

Name & Address of the

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**Chairman of the Audit Committee
Email-**

8. Procedure:

- a. On receipt of the protected disclosure the Vigilance and Ethics Officer / Chairman of the Audit Committee, as the case may be, shall make a record of the Protected Disclosure and also ascertain from the complainant whether he was the person who made the protected disclosure or not. He shall also carry out initial investigation either himself or by involving any other Officer of the Company or an outside agency before referring the matter to the Audit Committee of the Company for further appropriate investigation and needful action. The record will include:
 - a) Brief facts;
 - b) Whether the same Protected Disclosure was raised previously by anyone, and if so, the outcome thereof;
 - c) Whether the same Protected Disclosure was raised previously on the same subject then details of actions taken by Vigilance and Ethics Officer for processing the complaint; Findings of the Audit Committee and the recommendations of the Audit Committee/ other action(s).
- b. The decision to conduct an investigation is by itself not an accusation and is to be treated as a neutral fact finding process.
- c. Subject(s) will normally be informed in writing of the allegations at the outset of a formal investigation and have opportunities for providing their inputs during the investigation.
- d. Subject(s) shall have a duty to co-operate with the Audit Committee or any of the Officers appointed by it in this regard.
- e. Subject(s) have a right to consult with a person or persons of their choice, other than the Vigilance and Ethics Officer and/or members of the Audit Committee and/or the Whistle Blower.
- f. Subject(s) have a responsibility not to interfere with the investigation. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with and witness shall not be influenced, coached, threatened or intimidated by the subject(s).
- g. Unless there are compelling reasons not to do so, subject(s) will be given the opportunity to respond to material findings contained in the investigation report. No allegation of wrong doing against a subject(s) shall be considered as maintainable unless there is good evidence in support of the allegation.
- h. Subject(s) have a right to be informed of the outcome of the investigations. If allegations are not sustained, the Subject should be consulted as to whether public disclosure of the investigation results would be in the best interest of the Subject and the Company.
- l. The investigation shall be completed normally within 90 days of the receipt of the protected disclosure and is extendable by such period as the Audit Committee deems fit.

DECISION AND REPORTING

- 9.1. If an investigation leads the Vigilance and Ethics Officer / Chairman of the Audit

Committee to conclude that an improper or unethical act has been committed, the Vigilance and Ethics Officer / Chairman of the Audit Committee shall recommend to the management of the Company to take such disciplinary or corrective action as he may deem fit. It is clarified that any disciplinary or corrective action initiated against the Subject as a result of the findings of an investigation pursuant to this Policy shall adhere to the applicable personnel or staff conduct and disciplinary procedures.

- 9.2. The Vigilance and Ethics Officer shall submit a report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee on a regular basis about all Protected Disclosures referred to him/her since the last report together with the results of investigations, if any.
- 9.3. In case the Subject is the Chairman/MD of the Company, the Chairman of the Audit Committee after examining the Protected Disclosure shall forward the protected disclosure to other members of the Audit Committee if deemed fit. The Audit Committee shall appropriately and expeditiously investigate the Protected Disclosure.
- 9.4. If the report of investigation is not to the satisfaction of the complainant, the complainant has the right to report the event to the appropriate legal or investigating agency.
- 9.5. A complainant who makes false allegations of unethical & improper practices or about alleged wrongful conduct of the subject to the Vigilance and Ethics Officer or the Audit Committee shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the rules, procedures and policies of the Company.

10. Retention of documents

All Protected Disclosures in writing or documented along with the results of investigation relating thereto shall be retained by the Company for a minimum period of seven years.

11. Notification

All departmental heads are required to notify & communicate the existence and contents of this policy to the employees of their department. The Whistle Blower policy shall be prominently displayed on all Notice Boards of the Company, This policy, including amendments thereof shall be made available on Company's website and Board Report of the Company.

12. Annual Affirmation

The Company shall annually affirm that it has not denied any personnel access to the Audit Committee and that it has provided protection to whistle blower from adverse personnel action. The affirmation shall form part of Corporate Governance report as attached to the Annual Report of the Company.